

## Cumulative Storage & Supplemental Use

	Yield (Supply F)	Demand (Demand F)	Cumulative Storage (yield-demand)	Supplemental Use
<b><u>YEAR 1</u></b>				
<b>January</b>				
<b>February</b>				
<b>March</b>				
<b>April</b>				
<b>May</b>				
<b>June</b>				
<b>July</b>				
<b>August</b>				
<b>September</b>				
<b>October</b>				
<b>November</b>				
<b>December</b>				
<b><u>YEAR 2</u></b>				
<b>January</b>				
<b>February</b>				
<b>March</b>				
<b>April</b>				
<b>May</b>				
<b>June</b>				
<b>July</b>				
<b>August</b>				
<b>September</b>				
<b>October</b>				
<b>November</b>				
<b>December</b>				

The "Cumulative Storage" column refers to what is actually available in storage. A given month's cumulative storage is obtained by adding the previous month's cumulative storage to the current month's yield, minus the current month's demand. If the remainder is positive, it is placed in the Cumulative Storage column for the current month. This number is then added to the next month's yield to provide for the next month's demand. If the remainder is negative, that is, if the demand is greater than the supply of stored water, this number is placed in the Supplemental Use column to indicate the amount of supplemental water needed to satisfy irrigation water demand for that month.